Statements required in notice if the proposed tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate but does not exceed the voter-approval tax rate, as prescribed by Tax Code §26.06(b-2).

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON TAX INCREASE

A tax rate of \$	5588	per \$100 valuation has be	een proposed by the governing body of
BRISCOE CO	UNTY	 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	PROPOSED TAX RATE NO-NEW-REVENUE TAX RATE VOTER-APPROVAL TAX RATE	\$ <u>.5588</u> \$ <u>.54</u> \$ <u>.5589</u>	per \$100 per \$100 per \$100
The no-new-revenue tax	rate is the tax rate for the	2021	tax year that will raise the same amount
of property tax revenue f	for BRISCOE COU	(current tax year)	from the same properties in both
the 2020 (preceding tax year)	tax year and the	2021 tax year.	
The voter-approval rate i	is the highest tax rate that	BRISCOE COUNTY (name of taxing unit)	may adopt without holding
an election to seek voter	approval of the rate.		
The proposed tax rate is to increase property taxe	greater than the no-new-revenue tax years for the tax years		SCOE COUNTY is proposing (name of taxing unit)
A PUBLIC HEARING ON	I THE PROPOSED TAX RATE WILL		
at	COURT HOUSE	(dute	and time)
	(meeting place)		
The proposed tax rate is	not greater than the voter-approval t	tax rate. As a result,BRI	SCOE COUNTY is not required
to hold an election at wh	ich voters may accept or reject the p	roposed tax rate. However, y	nume of taxing unit) ou may express your support for or
opposition to the propose	ed tax rate by contacting the member	rs of the COMMISS	SIONER COURT of
	Y at their offices or by attending	ename of office n	expansible for administering the election)
YOUR TAXES OW			N BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:
	Property tax amount = (tax rate) x (taxable value of your pr	operty)/100
(List names of all members of the	governing body below, showing how each voted of	on the proposal to consider the tax incre	ase or, if one or more were absent, indicating absences.)
FOR the proposal: KEN	WOOD, JACK WELLMAN, DANNY	FRANCIS, JOHN BURSON, V	VAYNE NANCE
AGAINST the proposal:	NONE		
PRESENT and not voting	g: <u>NONE</u>		
ABSENT: NONE		`	

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the manner in which the voter-approval tax rate is calculated to limit the rate of growth of property taxes in the state.

The following table compares the taxes imposed on the average residence homestead by BRISCOE COUNTY last year to the taxes proposed to the be imposed on the average residence homestead by BRISCOE COUNTY this year.

_	2020	2021	Change
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value)	2020 adopted tax rate	2021 proposed tax rate	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between tax rate for preceding year and proposed tax rate for current year) per \$100,
	.5688	.5588	or (percentage difference between tax rate for preceding year and proposed tax rate for current year 170 OR -1.76%
Average homestead taxable value	of residence homestead	2021 average taxable value of residence homestead	(Increase/Decrease) of (percentage difference between average taxable value of residence homestead for preceding year and current year)%
	46,610	51,165	9.77%
Tax on average homestead	2020 amount of taxes on average taxable value of residence homestead	2021 amount of taxes on average taxable value of residence homestead \$285.91	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between amount of taxes imposed on the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the preceding year and the amount of taxes proposed on the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the current year), or (percentage difference
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		between taxes imposed for preceding year and taxes proposed for current year)% 20.80 OR 7.85%
lotal tax levy on Ill properties	2020 levy !	(2021 proposed rate x current total value)/100	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between preceding year levy and proposed levy for current year), or (percentage difference between preceding year levy and
	\$1,238,179	\$1,294,482	proposed levy for current year)% 56,303 OR 4.55

(include the following text if these no-new-revenue tax rate adjustments apply for the taxing unit)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Adjustments

State Criminal Justice Mandate (counties)	
The	County Auditor certifies that County has
spent \$	in the previous 12 months for the maintenance and operations cost
famount minus any amount received from state revenue for su of keeping inmates sentenced to the Texas Departme	
Sheriff has provided	(county name)
(county name)	information on these costs, minus the state revenues
received for the reimbursement of such costs.	
This increased the no-new-revenue tax rate by	/\$100.
Indigent Health Care Compensation Expenditures	(counties)
The BRISCOE COUNTY spen	t \$ 1,313.00 from July 1 2020 to June 30 2021
(name of taxing unit)	(prior year) (prior year) (current year) the increased minimum eligibility standards, less the amount of state
assistance.	• •
	st year's enhanced indigent health care expenditures is \$ 9.522.00
For current tax year, the amount of increase above la	st year's enhanced indigent health care expenditures is \$ 9,522.00 .
This increased the no-new-revenue tax rate by	<u>0042</u> /\$100.
Indigent Defense Compensation Expenditures (co	unties)
The spen	t \$ from July 1 to June 30
	(amount) (prior year) (current year) 1 criminal or civil proceedings in accordance with the schedule of fees adopted
under Article 26.05, Code of Criminal Procedure, less	the amount of any state grants received. For current tax year, the amount of
increase above last year's enhanced indigent defense	
<u>-</u>	(amount of increase)
This increased the no-new-revenue tax rate by	/\$100.
Eligible County Hospital Expenditures (cities and	counties)
Thespen	t \$ from July 1 to June 30
(name of taxing unit) on expenditures to maintain and operate an eligible or	
For current tax year, the amount of increase above la	st year's eligible county nospital expenditures is \$ (anwant of increase)
This increased the no-new revenue tax rate by	/\$100.
(If the tax assessor for the taxing unit maintains a	n internet website)
(II tile tax assessor for tile taxing tillt maintains at	i internet wobsitoj
For assistance with tax calculations, please contact th	e tax assessor for
atoror	or visit (internet website address)
for more information.	(Email state by
(If the tax assessor for the taxing unit does not ma	aintain an Internet website)
For assistance with tax calculations, please contact th	e tax assessor for Bruscot County
at 806 823 216) or + clinto	e tax assessor for Bruscot County n D br scoe and org temil address
(telephone number)	(email oddress)

2021 Notice of No New Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax/Decrease

Entity Name: Briscoe County	Date: 08/04/2021
1. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for loss value Enter line 8 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.	\$217,682,770
2. 2020 total tax rate Enter line 4 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet	.5688
3. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter line 13 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.	0
 Last year's levy Multiply Line 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100. To the result, add Line 3. 	\$1,238,179
5. 2021 total taxable value. Enter Line 21 of The Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet	\$231,653,916
6. 2021 tax rate. Enter line 26 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet or Line Of the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet.	.5358
7. 2021 taxes if a tax rate equal to the No New Revenue t Multiply Line 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100.	ax rate is adopted. \$1,241,201
8. Last year's total levy. Sum of line 4 for all funds.	\$1,238,179
9. 2021 total taxes if a tax rate equal to the No New Revels adopted. Sum of Line 7 for all funds.	nue tax rate \$1,241,201
10. Tax Increase (Decrease). Subtract Line 8 from Line 9.	\$3,022
No-new-revenue tax rate .5358 Voter-approval tax rate .5589	
-T.	

This notice contains a summary of actual No-new-revenue and Voter-approval tax rates calculations. You can inspect a copy of the full calculation at the Briscoe County Tax Appraisal District, 415 Main (Courthouse), Silverton, Texas.

The person providing the above infor	mation is:		
Thoropa Clinton	Chief appareson	8-6-2021	
Signature	Position	Date	

Form 50-856

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

BRISCOE COUNTY	806-823-2161
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
PO BOX 728 SILVERTON TX 792577	briscoecad.org
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	s_217,682,770
2.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$
3.	Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$
4.	2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.568800/\$100
5.	2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value. A. Original 2020 ARB values: \$	s0
6.	2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2020 ARB certified value: \$	s <u>0</u>
7.	2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	s0

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	s_217,682,770
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value:	ang and my an my an ang ang Titan againt in a at ti il an principal ang ang ang ang
	times 2020 value:	0
	C. Value loss. Adu A and b.	s0
11.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020. A. 2020 market value:	ndini "disen utsi, vii futi Misenga – uglijagi, se Misenga – uglijagi, se Misenga – usa dise
	B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: - \$	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	s0
2.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s0
13.	2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. ⁸ If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s0
14.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$_217,682,770
15.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s_1,238,179
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. 9	s0
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s1,238,179
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹	
	A. Certified values: 5 231,653,916	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	a religional control of	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	[18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]	

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) ⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2) ¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

1ºm	e No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 217,682,770
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value: S. O B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value: + \$ O	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	s0
11.	appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020 market value: B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: - \$,
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	s <u>0</u>
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s0
13.	2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s 0
14.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	s 217,682,770
15.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s_1,238,179
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. 9	s0
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s_1,238,179
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values: S 231,653,916 B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 231,653,916

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) * Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ' Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) * Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) § Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) * Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) * Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(23) * Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(23)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	s_1,238,179
31.	Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
	A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020	
	B. 2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0 \$0	
0	C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	ordogalturur (SS) - FC
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$0
32.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 231,116,652
33.	2021 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	s_0.535800 _{/\$100}
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³	
	A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	to mouth later as
	B. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	Moved SPACES and
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	A VENEZALIMINOS XV
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$_0.000000/\$100
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴	
	A. 2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	STATE OF THE STATE
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	s_0.004200/\$100

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
	B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	s0
20.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	s0
21.	2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$_231,653,916
22.	Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. 18	s0
23.	Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. 19	s537,264
24.	Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$537,264
25.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$_231,116,652
26.	2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$_0.535800/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$_0.568800/\$100
29.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 217,682,770

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d) 14 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(8)
 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

0.004200,\$100			D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	T
	0.004200,5100	_ ş	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	515,1	- _s -		
	1 313	,	for the same purpose	
			the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received	
			TO DOUBLE OF THE CASE CAREER OF THE CALLED DAILY DELICATION OF LEXING UNIT DECOMPLETED TO THE	
	368,01	\$	July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	
			manner and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on	
			A. SO21 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the	
			ote adjustment for indigent health care expenditures.	Ва
0.000000.0 \$			O January III C. II Hot applicable, effet o.	-
	001\$/	_ <u>\$</u>	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	
			C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
	0	\$ -	by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies.	- 1
			county-bail racinities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimburgement received	
			are present a reprinciple of the maintenance and opposition cost of keeping instact in	
	-	_	8. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to	
	0	\$	have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	
			providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they	
			A. Sozz state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months	
			ate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. 13	я.
\$ 0.535800			ODT NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	z ·
331,116,652			djusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
0 \$			Washington and a second	A
	0	- s	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	
	0	\$	discontinuing function and add if receiving threthor continuing function.	
			D. ZOZO M&O levy adjustments. Subtract 8 from A. For taxing unit with C subtract if	
	0	\$ -/+	D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
			and the below mind the below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this appropria	
			an insert year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The faxing unit discontinuing the function	
			ann did not operate tills fullction for this period, use the amount of the	
			and the reliables sidt to droom and briededding brededing brededing the manner and embrances are	
			transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing	
			C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and	
	0	\$-	Line 18D, enter 0.	
			and the cash of the cash of the laxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in	
-			8. 2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment	
	0	\$+		
	~		ton of sympet farming [1.75 colde South and Tax Code Section 3.1] payment extors the	
			second in the preceding year for taxes before that year, lybes of refunds include court decisions	
			A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes	
			Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NUR M&O rate.	1.
71,88 <u>2,1</u> 2			Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	.0

^{** [}Reserved for expansion]
** Tex. Tax Code § 26.044
** Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25	
	A. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	The second secon
	B. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	W 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	1-11-11-11
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	en printing and a second
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	s 0.0000 _{/\$100}
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. 26	110
	A. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	së në na që Kranari Ja
	B. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$_0.000000_/\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information. A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	der (COA halffren)
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
39.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	s_0.540000 _{/\$100}
40.	Adjustment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2021 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	esnifika stabilisti. Ja
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$_0.540000/\$100
41.	2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or -	\$ 0.558900/\$100
7)	Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	The state of the s

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	
	Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	3-3-14-2
	(1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes,	
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	s0
43.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	s0
44.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$
45.	2021 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	Started 12
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. %	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. %	
	D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate%	OK W
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	0.00000%
46.	2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$
47.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 231,653,916
48.	2021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ /\$100
49.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	s 0.558900 _{/\$100}
049.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	s_0.000000/s100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code § § 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	
D41.		Amount/Rate
	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	
	Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	
		s_0.000000 _{/\$10}
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes,	
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce to tall the	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources\$	
-	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	s 0
3. (Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	s 0
4.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	
5. 2	2021 anticipated collection rate.	\$
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate.	
ĺ		
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is local to the collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest	
	collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%.	
_		0.00000%
. 2	021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	
. 2	021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
+		231,653,916
. 20	021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
. 20	021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	s_0.558900 _{/\$100}
9. D	is aster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing	
u	nit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. dd Line D41 and 48.	s 0.000000 _{/\$100}

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval	alia lugarduni belong e
	tax rate.	\$ 0.558900/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	s0
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	MARKET STATE OF THE STATE OF TH
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34	maily copies as
	- or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$
53.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
55.	2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
56.	2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	\$/\$100
57.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	s/\$100
58.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$/\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	s0
60.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 231,653,916
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.000000/\$100
62.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s_0.558900 _{/\$100}

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 37 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$0.000000/\$100
64.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$/\$100
65.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$/\$100
66.	2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$/\$100
67.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 44 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$_0.540000 _{/\$100}
69.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_231,653,916
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	s_0.215900 _{/\$100}
71.	2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	s_0.000000 _{/5100}
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$_0.755900 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year. 46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

⁴⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

⁴² Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
64.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$/\$100
65.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$/\$100
66.	2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$/\$100
67.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 49 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Une	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$_0.540000/\$100
69.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 231,653,916
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	s_0.215900 _{/\$100}
71.	2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$_0.755900 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

⁴⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

⁴² Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

76. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. 77. Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100. 78. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. 79. Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49 80. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate). SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate	Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. • or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. ⁴⁴ Enter the final adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. • or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet. Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73. 5	73.	2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$1
76. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> . 5	74.	If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to	\$/\$1
77. Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100. 78. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. 79. Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49 80. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	75.	Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$/\$1
78. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. 5	76.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
79. Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49 \$	77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$
2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	78.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate). SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate	79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$/\$1
	30.	Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67	\$
dicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	-		
	dica	te the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	

No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used:	\$_	0.535800/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate	\$_	0.558900 _{/\$100}
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the 2021 de minimis rate from Line 72.	\$_	0.755900/\$100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50

print here	Theress	Clinton		
	Printed Name of Taxing Unit Repre	sentative		
sign here	Theresa	Clonton		8-6-2021
	Taxing Unit Representative		Date	

⁴⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)



Water District Notice of Public Hearing on Tax Rate

tax rate for the tax year						
Lake Mackenzie Administrative Office at individual taxes may increase at a grea						
on the tax rate that is adopted and on t					-	-
in relation to the change in taxable valu		_			•	
value of your property in relation to the	chan	ge in the t	axable val	ue of a	ll other pro	perty
determines the distribution of the tax but	ırden	among all	property (owners	•	
FOR the proposal:	hilip Sm	nitherman. Tim k	Kent. Perry Brur	nson. Bill M	larten	
AGAINST the proposal:						
PRESENT and not voting:						
ABSENT: Buster P	oling, Ji	mmy Kemp, Co	ry Hoelting			
						
The following table compares taxes on an aver	200 ro	oidonaa han	nestead in th	nis taxino	unit last ye	ar to
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		nostoad in ti		-	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	I this year.	nestead in th		This Vac	
taxes proposed on the average residence hom	•	I this year. Last Year			This Year	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	estead	I this year. Last Year .122			.123	_ /\$100
taxes proposed on the average residence hom Total tax rate (per \$100 of value)	•	I this year. Last Year .122 oted		Propo/\$100	.123 osed	
taxes proposed on the average residence hom Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value	estead	I this year. Last Year .122 oted	_ /\$100	Propo	.123 osed	
taxes proposed on the average residence hom	estead Adop	I this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _	_ /\$100	Propo/\$100	.123 osed 0	
taxes proposed on the average residence hom Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-)	estead Adop	I this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 %	.123 osed 0	
taxes proposed on the average residence hom Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or	estead Adop	I this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 %	.123 osed 0 46,519	
taxes proposed on the average residence hom Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or disabled person's exemptions)	estead Adop	this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _ 43,450	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 % \$.123 osed 0 46,519	_ /\$100
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or disabled person's exemptions) Average residence homestead taxable value	Adop	this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _ 43,450	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 % \$ \$.123 osed 0 46,519 0 46,519	_ /\$100
taxes proposed on the average residence hom Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or disabled person's exemptions)	Adop	this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _ 43,450	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 % \$ \$.123 osed 0 46,519	_ /\$100
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or disabled person's exemptions) Average residence homestead taxable value	Adop	this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _ 43,450	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 % \$ \$.123 osed 0 46,519 0 46,519	_ /\$100
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or disabled person's exemptions) Average residence homestead taxable value Tax on average residence homestead	Adop	this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _ 43,450 0 43,450 53.01	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 % \$ \$.123 osed 0 46,519 0 46,519	_ /\$100
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value) Difference in rates per \$100 of value Percentage increase/decrease in rates(+/-) Average appraised residence homestead value General homestead exemptions available (excluding 65 years of age or older or disabled person's exemptions) Average residence homestead taxable value Tax on average residence homestead Annual increase/decrease in taxes if	* \$ \$ \$ \$	this year. Last Year .122 oted \$ _ 43,450 0 43,450 53.01	_ /\$100	Propo /\$100 % \$ \$.123 osed 0 46,519 0 46,519	_ /\$100

Statements required in notice if the proposed tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate but does not exceed the voter-approval tax rate, as prescribed by Tax Code §26.06(b-2).

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON TAX INCREASE

A tax rate of \$ <u>.82</u>	per \$100 valuation has been proposed by the governing body of
CITY OF SILVERTON	
PROPOSED TAX RATE NO-NEW-REVENUE TAX RATE VOTER-APPROVAL TAX RATE	\$.82 per \$100 \$.7938 per \$100 \$ _821583 per \$100
of property tax revenue for CITY OF SILVERTON (name of taxing un the 2020 tax year and the 20)21 tax year.
an election to seek voter approval of the rate.	rate. This means that CITY OF SILVERTON is proposing (name of taxing unit) ar. BE HELD ON AUGUST 24, 2021 at 5:30 PM (date and time)
The proposed tax rate is not greater than the voter-approval to hold an election at which voters may accept or reject the proposition to the proposed tax rate by contacting the member CITY OF SILVERTON at their offices or by attending (name of taxing unit)	titing of office combanation of
Property tax amount = (tax rate	
PRESENT and not voting:BRIAN BARBOZA & MAYOR LA	

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the manner in which the voter-approval tax rate is calculated to limit the rate of growth of property taxes in the state.

The following table compares the taxes imposed on the average residence homestead by <u>CITY OF SILVERTON</u> last year to the taxes proposed to the be imposed on the average residence homestead by <u>CITY OF SILVERTON</u> this year.

	2020	2021	Change
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value)	. 2020 adopted tax rate	2021 proposed tax rate	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between tax rate for preceding year and proposed tax rate for current year) per \$100, or (percentage difference between tax rate for preceding year and proposed tax rate for
	.87	.82	current year)%05 OR -5.75%
Average homestead taxable value	2020 average taxable value of residence homestead	2021 average taxable value of residence homestead	(Increase/Decrease) of (percentage difference between average taxable value of residence homestead for preceding year and current year)%
	\$39,678	\$42,442	6.97%
Tax on average homestead	2020 amount of taxes on average taxable value of residence homestead	2021 amount of taxes on average taxable value of residence homestead	(increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between amount of taxes imposed on the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the preceding year and the amount of taxes proposed on the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the current year), or (percentage difference between taxes imposed for preceding year
	\$345.19	\$348.02	and texes proposed for current year)% 2.83 OR .82%
Total tax levy on sall properties	2020 levy	(2021 proposed rate x current total value)/100	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between preceding year levy and proposed levy for current year), or (percentage difference between preceding year levy and
i	\$144,219	\$149,126	proposed levy for current year)% \$4,907 OR 3.4%

2021 Notice of No New Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax/Decrease

Entity Name: City of Silverton	Date: 08/04/2021
1. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for loss value Enter line 8 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.	\$16,576,913
2. 2020 total tax rate Enter line 4 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet	-
3. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter line 13 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.	.87 0
4. Last year's levy Multiply Line 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100. To the result, add Line 3.	\$144,219
5. 2021 total taxable value. Enter Line 21 of The Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet	\$18,186,193
6. 2021 tax rate. Enter line 26 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet or Line 56 Of the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet.	.79
7. 2021 taxes if a tax rate equal to the No New Revenue tax rate Multiply Line 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100.	is adopted. \$143,670
8. Last year's total levy. Sum of line 4 for all funds.	\$144,219
9. 2021 total taxes if a tax rate equal to the No New Revenue tax Is adopted. Sum of Line 7 for all funds.	rate \$143,670
10. Tax Increase (Decrease). Subtract Line 8 from Line 9.	(\$549.00)
No-new-revenue tax rate .79 Voter-approval tax rate .821583	

This notice contains a summary of actual No-new-revenue and Voter-approval tax rates calculations. You can inspect a copy of the full calculation at the Briscoe County Tax Appraisal District, 415 Main (Courthouse), Silverton, Texas.

The person providing the abov	e information is:	
Thorosa Clintin	Chief appraise	8-6-21
Signature	Position	Date

Form 50-856

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

City of Silverton	806-823-2161
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
Po Box 728 Silverton, TX 79257	briscoecad.org
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	s_16,576,913
2.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$
3.	Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$
4.	2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$ <u>0.87000</u> /\$100
5.	2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value. A. Original 2020 ARB values: B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$
6.	2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2020 ARB certified value: \$ B. 2020 disputed value: -\$ C. 2020 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$
7.	2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	s_16,576,913
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	s0
1.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020. A. 2020 market value:	
	B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: -\$	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$0
2.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s 16,576,913
3.	2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. ⁸ If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$
4.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$
5.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s144,219
6.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	\$
7.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s144,219
8.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹	
	A. Certified values: 5 18,186,193	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: \$	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12 - \$ - \$	
	E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 18,186,193

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) ⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2) ¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	s_16,576,913
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value: S. B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value: + \$ C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	s 0
11.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020. A. 2020 market value: S B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: -\$ C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	s0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s_16,576,913
13.	2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s
14.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$
15.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s144,219
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. 9	s
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s144,219
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values: S. 18,186,193 B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$ C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: - \$ D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	40.400.405
	2. Form 202. Funde. Add A and b, then subtract C and D.	\$ <u>18,186,193</u>

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) ⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2) ¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	THE STATE OF STREET
	A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	entrikasiyanyana - eta terrisikka
	B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	Control of the contro
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	ş <u>0</u>
20.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	\$
21.	2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	ş_18,186,193
22.	Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$
23.	Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. ¹⁹	s16,910
24.	Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	s16,910
25.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	s_18,169,283
26.	2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$ 0.793800/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$_0.870000/\$100
29.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_16,576,913

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B) 17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

ine		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		s144,219
31.	Adjust	ed 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		Solf retains
	Α.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	+\$	
	В.	2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	-\$	
	C.	2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in		Contactor 3
	D.	D below. Other taxing units enter 0. + 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if	/- \$	Salamas Toron, St. Sec.
		discontinuing function and add if receiving function	\$	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.		s 144,219
32.	Adjust	ed 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		s_18,169,283
33.	2021 N	INR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		s_0.793800 _{/\$100}
34.	Rate a	djustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³		
	Α.	2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	\$	
	В.	2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies		TELLING SHIPS CONTRACTOR
			->	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$/\$100
35.	Rate a	djustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴		
	Α.	2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	\$	Office of the state of
	В.	2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	- \$	
		Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		
	C.	Subtract 6 from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$/\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$/\$100

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	s144,219
31.	Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
	 A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. + \$ B. 2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0 \$ 	
	C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	s144,219
32.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s_18,169,283
33.	2021 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.793800 _{/\$100}
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³	
	A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$	
	B. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴	
	A. 2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	71
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ /\$100

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25	
	A. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	B. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶	SALES IN THE SALES
	A. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	
	B. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.	
	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
9.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	s_0.793800 _{/\$100}
10.	Adjustment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2021 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.	s_0.793800 _{/\$100}
41.	2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or -	\$ _0.821583/\$100
	Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	
	Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$/\$100
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. ²⁸	
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$
43.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$
44.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$
45.	2021 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. %	
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	ENTERLISMENT ME
	D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate%	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	%
46.	2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$
47.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
48.	2021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
49.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$/\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	\$/\$100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

FIGT	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ** If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	
		\$/\$100
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount \$	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)\$	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
1	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	s
43.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$
44.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	Š
45.	2021 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	3.5
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate.	
	D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	96
46.	2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$
47.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
48.	2021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
49.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$/\$100
	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	\$/\$100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) ²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval	
	tax rate.	\$/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	\$
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33 Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01,	combupanchidi sa pri Brahpa sa
	.005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34	entine suffue at
81	- or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$
53.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
55.	2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
56.	2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	\$/\$100
57.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$/\$100
58.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$/\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$
60.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
62.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$/\$100

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i) 34 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 36 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$/\$100
64.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$/\$100
65.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$/\$100
66.	2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$/\$100
67.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 44 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	ş_0.793800 _{/\$100}
69.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} _18,186,193
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ _ 2.749400/\$100
71.	2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	s 3.543200 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 41

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.
- 39 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)
- 40 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)
- 41 Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)
- 42 Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022
- 43 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)
- 44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)
- 45 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)
- 46 Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b) ⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero. The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); *1 or
- Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42 after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

.78	DA9 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$	01\$/
.99	2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$	01\$/
.29	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$	015/
.49	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$	01\$/
.59	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$	01\$/
SUG	University Mate Worksheet	юшА	este#\fni

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.

		3.543200/\$100
.27	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	
.17	2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	001\$/ \$
.07	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	oors\0049400
.69	2027 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	<u>861,881,81 </u>
.89	Adjusted 2027 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0012\008887.0 2
5)115	De diziroW est Rate Winimi De Ci	91sR\\InnomA

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.60 In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner

Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47 Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax

26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1). calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year, and
- occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit to the disaster the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the

19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

- 40 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)
- (c) bne (6) 1020.050 \$6 26.0501 (a) and (c)
- * Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022
- ** Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)
- ** Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1) ** Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$10
74.	Adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$/\$10
75.	Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$/\$10
76.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$
78.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$/\$10
80.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$/\$10

Indicate	the i	applicable	total	tax rates	as	calculated	above.

No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used:	\$_0.793800/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate	s_0.821583 _{/\$100}
De minimis rate	s_35 #32/\$100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50

print here	Theresa	Clinton		
	Printed Name of Taxing Unit Re	epresentative		
sign here	Taxing Unit Representative	Clinton	2-(0-2021	

⁴⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c) 49 Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

Statements required in notice if the proposed tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate but does not exceed the voter-approval tax rate, as prescribed by Tax Code §26.06(b-2).

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON TAX INCREASE

A tax rate of \$.91860	per \$1	00 valuation has	been proposed by the governing body of
City of C	Quitaque	<u>_</u> .		, parada, and governing body of
	PROPOSED TAX RATE	\$.91860	per \$100
	NO-NEW-REVENUE TAX RATE	\$.882	per \$100
	VOTER-APPROVAL TAX RATE	\$.91865	per \$100
The no-new-revenue ta	ax rate is the tax rate for the	202	1	tax year that will raise the same amount
of property tax revenue	e for City of Quitaque	(current ta	r reur)	from the same properties in both
The2020) 2021	tax yea	
(preceding tax yea	er) (cur	rent tax year)	
The voter-approval rate	e is the highest tax rate that		f Quitaque	may adopt without holding
an election to seek vote	er approval of the rate.	m	me oj taxing umi)	
The proposed tax rate i	is greater than the no-new-revenue tax	rate. Thi	s means that	City of Quitague is proposing
to increase property tax	ces for the tax year. 2021			(name of taxing unit)
A PUBLIC HEARING O	Current (ax year) N THE PROPOSED TAX RATE WILL E	BE HELD	ON August	30. 2021
	aque City Hall 106 N. 1st Stree			late and time)
at <u>0.001 .W. Quit</u>	(meeting place)	eı		·
The proposed tax rate i	s not greater than the voter-approval ta	v roto. A	o a social. City	of Quitogue
				(married of transition and)
to noid an election at wi	hich voters may accept or reject the pro	posed ta	x rate. However,	you may express your support for or
opposition to the propos	sed tax rate by contacting the members	of the_	Quitaqu	<u>le City Council</u> of
City of Quitaqu	JEat their offices or by attending	the publi		e responsible for administering the election) ned above.
YOUR TAXES OV	WED UNDER ANY OF THE TAX RATES	S MENTI	ONED ABOVE C	CAN BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:
	Property tax amount = (tax rate)	x (taxat	ole value of your	property) / 100
(List names of all members of th	e governing body below, showing how each voted on	the proposa	l to consider the tax inc	rease or, if one or more were absent, indicating absences.)
FOR the proposal: Der	nnis Farley, Tessa Meyer, Jar	ed Joh	nson, Larry I	Norton, Roger Purcell
AGAINST the proposal:	None			
PRESENT and not votin	g: None			·
ABSENT: None				

Notice of Public Hearing on Tax Increase Form 50-876

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the manner in which the voter-approval tax rate is calculated to limit the rate of growth of property taxes in the state.

The following table compares the taxes imposed on the average residence homestead by CITY OF QUITAQUE last year to the taxes proposed to the be imposed on the average residence homestead by CITY OF QUITAQUE this year.

	2020	2021	Change
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value)	2020 adopted tax rate	2021 proposed tax rate	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between tax rate for preceding year and proposed tax rate for current year) per \$100, or (percentage difference between tax rate for preceding year and proposed tax rate for
			current year)% 0614 OR -6.27%
Average homestead taxable value	2020 average taxable value of residence homestead	2021 average taxable value of residence homestead	(Increase/Decrease) of (percentage difference between average taxable value of residence homestead for preceding year and current year)%
	38,368	42,162	9.89%
Tax on average homestead	2020 amount of taxes on average taxable value of residence homestead	2021 amount of taxes on average taxable value of residence homestead	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between amount of taxes imposed on the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the preceding year and the amount of taxes proposed on the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the second of
	\$376.00	\$387.30	the current year), or (percentage difference between taxes imposed for preceding year and taxes proposed for current year)% \$11.30 OR 3.01%
Total tax levy on all properties	2020 levy	(2021 proposed rate x current total value)/100	(Increase/Decrease) of (nominal difference between preceding year levy and proposed levy for current year), or (percentage
	101,199	106,003	difference between preceding year levy and proposed levy for current year)% 4,804 OR 4.75%

2021 Notice of No New Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax/Decrease

Entity Name:	City of Quitaque		Date: 08/04/2021
	axable value, adjusted for loss value of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.		\$10,326,449
	otal tax rate of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet		00
	efunded for years preceding tax year 2013 3 of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.		.98
	ar's levy e 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100. c, add Line 3.		\$101,199
	otal taxable value. Enter Line 21 of e Calculation Worksheet		\$11,539,673
	ox rate. For the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet of ional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet.	or Line 56	.882
	e 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100.	venue tax rate is adopted	d. \$101,779
	ar's total levy. I for all funds.		\$101,199
	otal taxes if a tax rate equal to the No Ne Sum of Line 7 for all funds.	w Revenue tax rate	\$101,779
	rease (Decrease). e 8 from Line 9.		\$580.00
	No-new-revenue tax rate Voter-approval tax rate	.882 .91865	

This notice contains a summary of actual No-new-revenue and Voter-approval tax rates calculations. You can inspect a copy of the full calculation at the Briscoe County Tax Appraisal District, 415 Main (Courthouse), Silverton, Texas.

Theona Cliny	(high Gapassan	8-6-2021	_
Signature	Position	Date	_

Form 50-856

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

CITY OF QUITAQUE	806-823-2161
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
SILVERTON TX 79257	briscoecad.org
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). ¹	s_10,326,449
2.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	s0
3.	Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$10,326,449
4.	2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$ <u>0.98000</u> /\$100
5.	2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value. A. Original 2020 ARB values:	s0
6.	2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2020 ARB certified value:	s0
7.	2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	sC

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	s_10,326,449
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value: \$	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁶	s0
11.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020. A. 2020 market value:	
	B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: - \$	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	s0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s0
13.	2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. ⁸ If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s0
14.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	s_10,326,449
15.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s101,199
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. 9	s0
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s101,199
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹	radio or garring fills .
	A. Certified values:	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
9	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: \$	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment	
	fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12 \$	

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) ⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2) ¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Im	No-New-Revenus Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	s_10,326,449
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value: S B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value: + \$	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	s0
11.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020. A. 2020 market value: S B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value: - \$	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	s0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	s0
13.	2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s0
14.	2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	s_10,326,449
15.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	s101,199
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. 9	s0
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s101,199
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values: S. B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$ C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: - \$ D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	_s _11,539,673

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) ⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) ⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) ¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2) ¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. ¹⁴	establishment
	B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$0
20.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	s0
21.	2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	ş_11,539,673
22.	Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. 18	s0
23.	Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. ¹⁹	s65,980
24.	Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$65,980
25.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	s_11,473,693
26.	2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$_0.882000/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$ 0.000000/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
2000000	2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$_0.980000 _{/\$100}
	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s_10,326,449

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Lime		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		s101,199
31.	Adjust	ted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	Α.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	+\$	
	В.	2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0	- \$	
.0	C.	2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	-/- \$	
	D.	2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	\$	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.		s101,199
32.	Adjust	ed 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		s_11,473,693
33.	2021 N	INR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.882000 _{/\$100}
34.	Rate a	djustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³		
	Α.	2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	\$	This was again 1977
	В.	2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies.	-\$	was and the first
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.000000/\$100
5.	Rate ac	ljustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴		
	Α.	2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	\$	
	В.	2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	- \$	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		s 0.000000/\$100

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Lima	Voter Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	s101,199
31.	Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	3
	A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. B. 2020 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0	
,	C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	s101,199
32.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
	2021 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	s <u>11,473,693</u>
7		\$_0.882000/\$100
4.	late adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³	
	 A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance of the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance of the previous 12 months. 	
	the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	s_0.000000/\$100
5. F	ate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24	3
	A. 2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	
1	P. P. C.	\$_0.000000/\$100

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25	
	A. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	and the second second
	B. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	tale more
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	a viscon regileron
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	s 0.00000 _{/\$100}
	Details to the second to the second through the sec	
37.	A. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	allers surifi ma a de
	B. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	of the min
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$_0.000000_/\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information	
	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	a taken siling bina."
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$_0.000000/\$100
39.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	\$_0.882000/\$100
40.	Adjustment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2021 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100) dan midarelm T
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$1.024300 _{/\$100}
41.	2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or - Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	\$ _ 1.060150/\$100

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	netida
	Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$_0.000000/\$100
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
	(1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes,	
-	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	and Z
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)\$	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	s 0
13.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	s 0
14.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	s0
15.	2021 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	
	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	
	D. Estable 2010 at all all attended	Medical and the light
	D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	0.00000%
6.	2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	s 0
7.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	, 11,539,673
8.	2021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.000000 _{/\$100}
9.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$ 1.060150 _{/\$100}
	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	s0.000000/s100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Ina:	Woter-Ajaproval Tax Rate Workshoot	Amount/Rate
D41	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 77 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
42.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes,	
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. ²⁸	
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	
43.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$0
44.	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	s0
-		s0
45.	2021 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 3096	
İ	B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	
	C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	
	D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate.	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	0.00000
16.	2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	0.00000%
-		s0
17.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	_{\$} 11,539,673
18.	2021 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
9.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	s_1.060150 _{/\$100}
49. [Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tay rate for taying unit.	\$
1.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a)
²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)
²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)
²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)
²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

1411	e Väter-Approval lax Rate Worksheet	Ametint/Ratio
50	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval tax rate.	
l		\$

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

TWA	Additional Sales and Use TaxiWorksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	s0
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or -	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$16,328
53.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 11,539,673
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.141500 _{/\$100}
55.	2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_0.882000_/\$100
56.	2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
57.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	s_1.060150 _{/\$100}
58.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	s_0.918650 _{/\$100}

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

i di are	Woter-Apparoval Rate Acquisiment for Politifican Control Regultements Worksheet	Airnettmi@Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	s0
60.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş <u>0</u>
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.000000/\$100
62.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i) 34 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 36 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$_0.000000/\$100
64.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$_0.000000/\$100
65.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
66.	2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$_0.000000/\$100
67.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$_0.000000/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 49 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$_0.882000/\$100
69.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s_11,539,673
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	s 4.332900 _{/\$100}
71.	2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 5.214900 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 41

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

⁴⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

⁴² Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$ /\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	s0
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	There et al.
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34	
	 - or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95. 	s16,328
53.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s_11,539,673
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$ <u>0.141500</u> /\$100
55.	2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_0.882000_/\$100
56.	2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	s_0.000000 _{/\$100}
57.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_1.060150 _{/\$100}
58.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ 0.918650_/\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	s0
60.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s0
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.000000/\$100
62.	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	§0.000000 _{/\$100}

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i) 34 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 36 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate					
73.	2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100					
74.	Adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.						
75.	Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$/\$100					
76.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$					
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$					
78.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$					
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$/\$100					
	2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate). TION 8: Total Tax Rate	\$/\$100					
and and a supplemental	e the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.						
N A	o-new-revenue tax rate. s applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax).	\$_0.882000/\$100					
V A Li	oter-approval tax rates applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), ne 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). dicate the line number used:	s_0.918650 _{/\$100}					
	e minimis rateapplicable, enter the 2021 de minimis rate from Line 72.	\$ 5.214900/\$100					
SEC	TION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature						
mploy	he name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the yee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified a te of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50						
rin ere							
ign iere							

⁴⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING TO DISCUSS BUDGET AND PROPOSED TAX RATE

The	SILVERTO	N ISD			will hold a public
	7:30 A.M	in	·····	Boardrooi	m
	Silverton, TX	Th	e purpose o	f this meet	ing is to discuss the
school district's bud in the discussion is	dget that will determine invited.				•
the proposed rate sho	imately adopted at this med wn below unless the distric out below and holds anothe	t publishes a	revised notice	containing	the same information
Maintenance	Tax \$.9515	/\$100 (Pro	posed rate fo	r maintenan	ce and operations)
School Debt S Approved by		/\$100 (pro	posed rate to	pay bonded	d indebtedness)
	Comparison of Propose	ed Budget w	ith Last Yea	r's Budget	
fiscal year and the a	entage increase or decrease mount budgeted for the fis- ving expenditure categories	cal year that b			
Maintenance a	and operations	% increase	or <u>-45</u>	5.49% (de	ecrease)
Debt service		% increase	or <u>-5</u>	<u>.37 </u>	ecrease)
Total expendit	ures	% increase	or <u>-39</u>	9.82% (de	ecrease)
	Total Appraised Va				
		Precedir	ng Tax Year	Current 1	Гах Year
Total appraised	d value* of all property	\$	550132950	\$	532370254
Total appraised	d value* of new property**	\$	613960	\$	441504
Total taxable v	alue*** of all property	\$	165787383	\$	165038425
Total taxable v	alue*** of new property**	\$	613950	\$	441504
** "New property" is de	he amount shown on the appraise fined by Tax Code Section 26.012(fined by Tax Code Section 1.04(10)	17).	d by Tax Code Se	ection 1.04(8).	
	Bonde	d Indebted	ness		
Total amount of * Outstanding principal.	of outstanding and unpaid I	oonded indeb	tedness* \$	632	20000

Comparison of Proposed Rates with Last Year's Rates										
		enance rations	-	nterest king Fund*		<u>Total</u>		Revenue Student		Revenue Student
Last Year's Rate	\$.9515	\$.2704*	\$	1.22190	\$	13335	\$	4324
Rate to Maintain Same Level of Maintenance & Operations Revenue & Pay Debt Service	; \$		\$	*	\$		\$		\$	
Proposed Rate	\$.9515	\$.2704*	\$	1.22190	\$	13379	\$	4843

^{*} The Interest & Sinking Fund tax revenue is used to pay for bonded indebtedness on construction, equipment, or both.

The bonds, and the tax rate necessary to pay those bonds, were approved by the voters of this district.

Comparison of Proposed Levy with Last Year's Levy on Average Residence

	<u>Last</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>This</u>	<u>Year</u>	
Average Market Value of Residences	\$	43655	\$	50616	
Average Taxable Value of Residences	\$	43655	\$	50616	
Last Year's Rate Versus Proposed Rate per \$100 Value	\$	1.22190	\$	1.22190	
Taxes Due on Average Residence	\$	533.42	\$	618.48	
Increase (Decrease) in Taxes			\$	85.06	

Under state law, the dollar amount of school taxes imposed on the residence homestead of a person 65 years of age or older or of the surviving spouse of such a person, if the surviving spouse was 55 years of age or older when the person died, may not be increased above the amount paid in the first year after the person turned 65, regardless of changes in tax rate or property value.

Notice of Voter-Approval Rate: The highest tax rate the district can adopt before requiring voter					
approval at an election is	1.22190	This election	n will be automatic	ally held if	
the district adopts a rate in exces	ss of the voter-app	oroval rate of	1.22190	•	

Fund Balances

The following estimated balances will remain at the end of the current fiscal year and are not encumbered with or by a corresponding debt obligation, less estimated funds necessary for operating the district before receipt of the first state aid payment:

Maintenance and Operations Fund Balance(s) \$ 3245981

Interest & Sinking Fund Balance(s) \$

Comparison of Proposed Rates with Last Year's Rates										
		enance rations		nterest <u>king Fund</u> *		<u>Total</u>		Revenue Student		Revenue <u>Student</u>
Last Year's Rate	\$.9515	\$.2704*	\$	1.22190	\$	13335	\$	4324
Rate to Maintain Same Level of Maintenance & Operations Revenue &			۴	*	\$		ė		¢	
Pay Debt Service	\$		\$	•	Þ		>		Þ	
Proposed Rate	\$.9515	\$.2704*	\$	1.22190	\$	13379	\$	4843

^{*} The Interest & Sinking Fund tax revenue is used to pay for bonded indebtedness on construction, equipment, or both.

The bonds, and the tax rate necessary to pay those bonds, were approved by the voters of this district.

Comparison of	f Proposed Le	evy with Last Y	ear's Levy on	<u>Average Residence</u>
	•			

	<u>Last</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>This</u>	<u>Year</u>	
Average Market Value of Residences	\$	43655	\$	50616	
Average Taxable Value of Residences	\$	43655	\$	50616	
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Notice of Voter-Approval Rate: The highest tax rate the district can adopt before requiring voter						
approval at an election is	1.22190	. This electio	n will be automatica	ally held if		
the district adopts a rate in excess of the voter-approval rate of						

Fund Balances

The following estimated balances will remain at the end of the current fiscal year and are not encumbered with or by a corresponding debt obligation, less estimated funds necessary for operating the district before receipt of the first state aid payment:

Maintenance and Operations Fund Balance(s) \$ 3245981

Interest & Sinking Fund Balance(s) \$

50-280 (Rev. 8-19/5)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING TO DISCUSS BUDGET AND PROPOSED TAX RATE

The	VALLEY I	ISD		will hold a public	
meeting at	7:00 p.m	in		Cafeteria	
	Turkey, TX	Th	e purpose of	this meeting is to discuss the	
school district's b in the discussion	-	the tax rate	that will be a	dopted. Public participation	
the proposed rate sl		t publishes a 1	evised notice	ng at a later date may not exceed containing the same information the revised notice.	
Maintenand	ce Tax \$9606	/\$100 (Pro	posed rate for	maintenance and operations)	
	oy Local Voters \$2013	/\$100 (pro	posed rate to	pay bonded indebtedness)	
	Comparison of Propose	d Budget wi	ith Last Year	<u>'s Budget</u>	
fiscal year and the		cal year that b		unt budgeted in the preceding the current tax year is indicated	
Maintenance	e and operations	_% increase	or	98% (decrease)	
Debt service	<u> </u>	_% increase	or <u>-1.6</u>	61 % (decrease)	
Total expend	ditures	_% increase	or1.9	98 (decrease)	
	Total Appraised Va (as calculated und				
		Precedir	ng Tax Year	Current Tax Year	
Total apprais	sed value* of all property	\$	156338360	\$161493416	
Total apprais	sed value* of new property**	\$	253080	\$100850	
Total taxable	e value*** of all property	\$	86797258	\$87532084	
Total taxable	e value*** of new property**	\$	228230	\$100850	
* "Appraised value" is the amount shown on the appraisal roll and defined by Tax Code Section 1.04(8). ** "New property" is defined by Tax Code Section 26.012(17). *** "Taxable value" is defined by Tax Code Section 1.04(10).					
	Bonded Indebtedness				
Total amoun	nt of outstanding and unpaid b	onded indeb	tedness* \$	2170000	
* Outstanding princip	al.				

	Mainte	enance rations	 nterest hking Fund*	<u>Total</u>	Local	Revenue Student	 Revenue Student
Last Year's Rate	\$.9664	\$.20130*	\$ 1.16770	\$	5497	\$ 8176
Rate to Maintain Same Level of Maintenance & Operations Revenue & Pay Debt Service	\$		\$ *	\$	\$		\$
Proposed Rate	\$.9606	\$.2013*	\$ 1.6190	\$	5529	\$ 8974

^{*} The Interest & Sinking Fund tax revenue is used to pay for bonded indebtedness on construction, equipment, or both. The bonds, and the tax rate necessary to pay those bonds, were approved by the voters of this district.

Comparison of Proposed Levy with Last Year's Levy on Average Residence

	<u>Last</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>This</u>	<u>Year</u>	
Average Market Value of Residences	\$	47559	\$	49456	
Average Taxable Value of Residences	\$	35697	\$	37470	
Last Year's Rate Versus Proposed Rate per \$100 Value	\$	1.16770	\$	1.16190	
Taxes Due on Average Residence	\$	416.84	\$	435.37	
Increase (Decrease) in Taxes			\$	18.53	

Under state law, the dollar amount of school taxes imposed on the residence homestead of a person 65 years of age or older or of the surviving spouse of such a person, if the surviving spouse was 55 years of age or older when the person died, may not be increased above the amount paid in the first year after the person turned 65, regardless of changes in tax rate or property value.

Notice of Voter-Approval Rate: The highest tax rate the district can adopt before requiring voter approval at an election is ________. This election will be automatically held if the district adopts a rate in excess of the voter-approval rate of ______ (school voter-approval rate) _____.

Fund Balances

The following estimated balances will remain at the end of the current fiscal year and are not encumbered with or by a corresponding debt obligation, less estimated funds necessary for operating the district before receipt of the first state aid payment:

Maintenance and Operations Fund Balance(s) \$ 2023085
Interest & Sinking Fund Balance(s) \$ 46762

Comparison of Proposed Rates with Last Year's Rates									
·		enance rations		Interest nking Fund*		<u>Total</u>		Revenue Student	 Revenue Student
Last Year's Rate	\$.9664	\$.20130*	\$	1.16770	\$	5497	\$ 8176
Rate to Maintain Same Level of Maintenance & Operations Revenue & Pay Debt Service	\$		\$	*	\$		\$		\$
Proposed Rate	\$.9606	\$.2013*	\$	1.6190	\$	5529	\$ 8974

^{*} The Interest & Sinking Fund tax revenue is used to pay for bonded indebtedness on construction, equipment, or both. The bonds, and the tax rate necessary to pay those bonds, were approved by the voters of this district.

Comparison of Proposed Levy with Last Year's Levy on Average Residence

	Last	<u>Year</u>	<u>This</u>	<u>Year</u>
Average Market Value of Residences	\$	47559	\$	49456
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Last Year's Rate Versus Proposed Rate per \$100 Value	\$	1.16770	\$	1.16190
Taxes Due on Average Residence	\$	416.84	\$	435.37
Increase (Decrease) in Taxes			\$	18.53

Under state law, the dollar amount of school taxes imposed on the residence homestead of a person 65 years of age or older or of the surviving spouse of such a person, if the surviving spouse was 55 years of age or older when the person died, may not be increased above the amount paid in the first year after the person turned 65, regardless of changes in tax rate or property value.

Notice of Voter-Approval Rate: T	he highest tax rate	the district can adopt before requiring voter
approval at an election is	1.16190	This election will be automatically held if
the district adopts a rate in exces	ss of the voter-app	proval rate of (school voter-approval rate)

Fund Balances

The following estimated balances will remain at the end of the current fiscal year and are not encumbered with or by a corresponding debt obligation, less estimated funds necessary for operating the district before receipt of the first state aid payment:

Maintenance and Operations Fund Balance(s) \$ 2023085
Interest & Sinking Fund Balance(s) \$ 46762